Computer vision for classification and quality analysis of food.

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Abstract
It was investigated the classification of different kinds of pasta according to their composition by image analyses.

Key words: Computer vision, Image Analysis, classification.

Introduction
Overview:
Nowadays, the techniques to evaluate quality and safety of food are blooming. One of them is the use of computer vision, which is efficient because it is a non-destructive method, where samples can be analysed in a non-contact manner, making it still available for further application. Computer vision techniques are based on sample aspects, such as color, texture and others.

Objectives:
- Prepare the equipment for the minimum interference of light in the image acquisition.
- Acquisition of images with a microscope.
- Segmentation of the images.
- Extracting image descriptors as color¹ and texture² using image analysis and exports the information to an Excel sheet, using MATLAB codes.
- Apply statistics methods to classify the different kinds of pasta.

Results and Discussion
Description and discussion of the results:
The results from the statistics analyses show us that the difference in some aspects are related to the different kinds of components in pasta. Using the image parameters obtained, classification of samples was performed.

Important details about methodology:
In order to apply the image segmentation step, the Otsu filter was used. Some descriptors were applied on the full image, others in cropped image and some in grayscale images, according with the algorithm efficiency. One way ANOVA was used to analyse the difference between samples according to the image parameters.

The best parameter for classification of samples was the RGB color extracted from samples, as they are related to some major components in the samples.

Conclusions
The proposed approach has provided useful results, showing that computer vision could be further investigated for applications in the food processing industry.

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